



Coronavirus 2020

Following Government Guidance schools were closed on 18th March 2020. The Country went into Lockdown on the 23rd March 2020 due to the Coronavirus apart from Frontline NHS workers and Keyworkers. During this time, Crookhey Hall School remained open to our most vulnerable pupils and children of Keyworkers. A Risk assessment was created to protect the staff and pupils in school and reviewed regularly. This Risk Assessment was available to view at any time and shared with Local Authorities upon request. It was adapted/amended to follow Government Guidelines during Covid-19 crisis. At present this remains a dynamic Risk Assessment. Individual Pupil Risk Assessments were also created and reviewed/amended regularly.

Promoting Good Behaviour & Discipline Policy

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Owner – Name:	James Joyce
Owner – Job Title	Assistant Director

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Statement of Principles, Values, Aims and Objectives

At Crookhey Hall School, we aim to promote positive social, emotional and behavioural change in our students through a supportive and consistent approach across education and care based on the needs of our students. Our Behaviour Management Strategy is based on holistic approaches and the therapeutic belief that all people have the capacity for growth and development no matter what their ages or life experiences and that behaviour can change.

Crookhey Hall School admits vulnerable students who experience social, emotional, communication difficulties and associated challenging behaviours. Many of our student's exhibit and display behaviours that act as barriers to learning and inclusion. An integral part of our holistic strategies is to overcome these barriers. We aim to provide a consistent and well supervised environment where students feel safe and secure and reach their potential through positive relationships.

Principles and Values that Underpin this Policy

The policy, practice and procedures aim to reflect and demonstrate the importance of the school's commitment to promoting the entitlement of students to the highest quality of education, care, health and therapy. The philosophy and ethos of the school reflects acceptance and respect for all students irrespective of their age, sex, religion, disability, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity and gender re-assignment or immigration status and includes a clear set of values that are seen to be important within the school and wider community, they are as follows:-

- To value each other and our community
- To listen to each other and ask for help when we need it
- The promotion of mutual respect, acceptance, trust and honesty
- To develop and encourage self-confidence, self-worth, self-discipline and ultimately independence
- To proactively manage and de-escalate challenging and unacceptable behaviours
- To implement holistic, integrative and consistent approaches which promote positive behaviour, develop children and young people's understanding and manage behaviour fairly, effectively and encourage young people to achieve their potential
- To establish and consistently apply clear and obvious boundaries, to ensure children and young people's safety, security and well-being
- To work in partnership with all stakeholders, to promote good behavior
- To apply rules reasonably and fairly, to use sanctions effectively and proportionately in relation to the age, needs and ability of the child or young person, or any religious requirements affecting them
- To develop and reinforce the principles of good citizenship, including the fundamentals of British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect for and tolerance for of those with different faiths and beliefs
- Corporal punishment is illegal in all circumstances

The Objectives of this Policy

- To set out clearly how our principles and values can be translated into effective everyday actions
- To provide clear guidance and support to all staff
- For staff to provide leadership and positive role models to students
- To promote good behavior and make positive change for our students, setting them clear and achievable goals
- To expect the highest standards of educational attainment and achievement, through the development of acceptable standards of behavior and conduct
- Students should be assisted to show respect, tolerance, empathy and understanding and to demonstrate through their daily actions, a clear understanding of what is right and wrong
- To help students to work with the knowledge of their rights, and be encouraged to recognise and respond to their responsibilities
- To develop and implement, co-ordinated and cohesive practices and procedures between home and school
- To regulate the behavior and conduct of students
- To prevent bullying
- To comply with the Independent School Standards 2018

This statement should be read alongside the following key policies;

- Curriculum
- Teaching and learning, including SMSC
- Safeguarding
- Anti-bullying
- Equality and diversity
- Managing allegations against professional staff
- Health and Safety, e.g. risk assessments, first aid and educational visits
- E Safety
- Exclusion Policy

3.1 Review

This policy is subject to annual review.

Head of School Responsibilities and the Legislative Framework

The Head of School at Crookhey Hall School will set out measures in this Good Behaviour and Discipline Policy, which take into account the principles, values and objectives identified above and act within the legislative framework. The Head of School must decide on the standards of behaviour expected and strategies to teach good behaviour, and determine the rules and any disciplinary penalties for breaking them. The Head of School will also consider measures and strategies to manage the following:

- Students behaviour, attitude and conduct outside of school, e.g. transport and educational visits
- The screening and searching of students
- The power to use reasonable force and other physical contact
- When to work with other local agencies to assess the needs of students who display continuous disruptive behavior
- To have in place an effective Safeguarding policy and procedures
- To have in place an effective anti-bullying policy
- To publish annually the Good Behaviour and Discipline Policy to Parents and Staff
- Support and pastoral care for staff accused of misconduct
- Clear guidance to all staff with regards their responsibilities to manage students positively and have the power to discipline where students misbehave either in or outside school

The legislative framework, Head of Schools are required to consider:

- Education and Inspection Act 2006
- The Education Act 2002, Section 175
- The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2018
- EU Convention on the Rights of the Child 1989
- Equality Act 2010
- The Human Rights Act (1998)
- Guidance on the Use of Restrictive Physical Interventions for Staff Working with Children and Adults who Display Extreme Behaviour in Association with Learning Disability and/or Autistic Spectrum Disorders (July 2002)
- OFSTED Summary Report – Managing Challenging Behaviour (2005)
- DfES Guidance The Use of Force to Control or Restrain Students (2007)
- DfES Use of reasonable force - Advice for headteachers, staff and governing bodies (July 2013)
- DfE Behaviour and discipline in schools - Advice for headteachers and school staff (2016)
- DfES Guidance on Behaviour and Discipline in Schools 2016

Creating a Positive and Structured Environment

The principle function of Crookhey Hall School is to provide a safe, secure and caring environment where expectations and achievements are high and students realise their full potential in all areas of their development; academic, physical, emotional, spiritual, moral, social and independence. In order to create an environment in which students feel safe and secure, where there is an ethos of achievement through endeavoring, it is essential that there is nurture, care and support balanced with good order and discipline. Students through the School Council should play an active part in the review of the Promoting Good Behaviour & Discipline Policy.

We aim to promote politeness, courtesy and respect between all members of the Crookhey Hall School community, adults and children alike.

Whilst the principles and procedures contained in this policy document will be applied equally to all students, each student at Crookhey Hall School is an individual and will be at different stages of intellectual, physical, social, emotional and moral development. We will therefore use rewards, consequences and behaviour programmes as appropriate to the unique individual needs of each student. This reflects the whole ethos of the school in treating students as individuals and tailoring our work to meet individual needs through Individual Education/Behaviour Plans.

The main emphasis at Crookhey Hall School is not on making and enforcing rules but rather on creating an ethos of respect and consideration for others and an environment where people help and support each other. Where rules are in place, they are designed to promote a positive teaching and learning environment; to ensure health, happiness and safety of the students, or are related to consideration for themselves and others.

Staff will intervene and apply consequences or sanctions in circumstances where a young person's behaviour is likely to prejudice a positive teaching and learning environment, the health and safety of the students and adults, or show lack of consideration for others and impact on their learning.

The school primarily seeks to create a warm and caring environment where students learn to trust adults. In order to provide security for individuals and the school to promote personal development, students need to develop an appreciation of the limits on their behaviour set by society and their community.

Students need to understand the implications for breaching these limits. A clear framework of authority facilitates the development of inner self-discipline and maturity. As maturity or responses develops a greater diversity of trust, independence and autonomy should be possible. Informed choices are more probable. A carefully structured environment is fundamental in bringing this about.

Well planned teaching and learning should encourage acceptable behaviour within a formal learning situation, facilitating achievement and raising students' self-esteem and self-confidence.

Relationships

The principle reward and encouragement for any student is the positive attention and frequent expression of approval and support by the adults around them. The progress and development of students principally relies on the positive relationships they develop with significant adults in their lives. Crookhey Hall School encourages good behaviour through a mixture of high expectations, clear policy and an ethos which fosters discipline and mutual respect between students, and between staff and students.

Students will test and challenge relationships, therefore adults responsible for them require the ability to sensitively, firmly and confidently manage the adult/student relationship. Empathy, trust and consistency are all important in building relationships and influencing students in making appropriate choices about their life and development.

Equally important is the expectations adults have of students, which should be regularly explained and reinforced, in relation to their behaviour, learning, personal and social development.

Target setting is a useful tool to involve the student, develop their understanding and facilitate positive engagement. Adults need to assess and evaluate the developmental phase the student is functioning at to communicate, rationalise and provide guidance through the relationship to move the student on in developing social responsibility.

Challenging Behaviour and Students with Social, Emotional and Communication Difficulties

Student's social, emotional and communication needs are statistically more likely to exhibit behaviours which challenge those around them and the settings which educate and care for them. One of the reasons for this is that these students generally experience much greater difficulty in expressing their feelings, needs and choices.

Crookhey Hall School adopts the following general approaches to reduce the likelihood of such behaviours occurring or developing:

- Teaching and learning that is outstanding or at least consistently good
- Teaching and learning that is relevant, differentiated to meet the needs, aptitudes and abilities of the students
- The opportunity to make meaningful choices
- Careful attention to physical and emotional needs
- Experiences and activities which are appropriately stimulating
- Consistent and careful management of the environment, including the setting conditions and triggers for behaviours
- Warm and caring relationships with adults and their influence and impact
- Structure, predictability and consistency in daily routines
- Clear and explicit boundaries and rules within the learning environment
- Regular explanation of the rules and expectations
- Clear warnings to students that their behaviour is a cause of concern
- Rewards and sanctions consistently and fairly applied in line with the policy

Students and staff are supported in managing and reducing challenging behaviour by the Student Support Team. The work of the staff team is co-ordinated through the Senior Leadership Team, and is subject to regular review and monitoring.

Pastoral Support

The School endeavours to provide support for student that enables them to achieve academically, socially and personally. Systems of support include Teachers, SENCO, Family Liaison/Pastoral Coordinator, Learning Support Assistants and members of the Student Support team. Pastoral support can also take the shape of home/school agreements or specific behavioural contracts, with a clear focus on improving particular aspects of a student's behaviour. Home/school liaison is a key

feature in promoting consistency of approaches, parental support and agreed actions.

Where identified, individual support is provided consistently by the Pastoral Co-ordinator and experienced Teaching Assistants and SENCO. The staff team will meet to consider and incorporate all professional views from within the school, before revising targets and actions.

The school considers whether the behaviour under review gives cause to suspect that a student is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm. Where this may be the case, the school staff should follow the schools' safeguarding policy. They should also consider whether continuing disruptive behaviour might be the result of unmet educational or other needs. At this point, the school will consider whether a multi-agency assessment is necessary.

The Use of Restrictive Physical Intervention (RPI) at Crookhey Hall School (Care and Control)

Many of the students at Crookhey Hall School display a variety of challenging behaviours which result in a range of strategies, including RPI being used in order to reduce risk. Staff are encouraged to adopt different methods of de-escalation via appropriate training and the promotion of positive relationships throughout the school. By doing this we wish to create an environment whereby all parties are kept safe but that also encourages students to be involved in the process of being reflective about their behaviours.

The use of physical intervention must take account of the pupil's own best interests, sensitivities and sensibilities; his/her own likely perceptions of situations, his/her emotional state and levels of understanding. Physical intervention, including withdrawal, should never be used as a punishment and must only be used in line with agreed criteria and procedures. The school's staged approach to positive handling appears in Annex 1. Staff should also read the public liability/employers' liability statement in Annex 7.

"Physical intervention" is defined, in accordance with Section 93 of the Education and Inspection Act 2006 as, the application by an authorised member of staff to use reasonable force in relation to a pupil for the purpose of preventing him/her from doing any of the following:

Crookhey Hall uses Team Teach as a preferred method of RPI as approved by The Institute of Conflict management (ICM). Members of staff have the power to use reasonable force to prevent students from:

- Committing an offence;
- Causing personal injury to themselves or others, or the likelihood of such an occurrence;
- Significant damage to property, or the likelihood of such an occurrence;

- Engaging in any behaviour prejudicial to the maintenance of the good order of the school environment which, if unaddressed, may incite, anger or disrupt their peers.

RPI involves a proportionate degree of force where a student is showing an increased level of risk to themselves or others. At Crookhey Hall School the use of RPI is always used as a last resort where other means of de-escalation are unsuccessful and where the degree of risk has been appropriately assessed. The use of RPI as a strategy in the event of a situation that involves elevated risk will always be determined in reference to:

- The seriousness of the incident
- The relative risks arising from using a physical intervention compared to an alternative strategy.
- The age, needs, culture, background, gender, stature and medical history of the student.
- The application of increasing or decreasing force in response to the student's behaviour.

All of the above would be considered through Risk Assessment and Behaviour Planning, and subject to regular review and monitoring.

“Withdrawal” involves removing a young person from a situation which causes anxiety or distress to a location where they can be continuously observed and supported until they are ready to return to their usual activities.

“Restraint” or “Restrictive Physical Intervention” involves the positive application of force in order to overpowering the client. The school interprets this to be, the positive application of force to prevent a child from acting in a particular way against their will or to make them do something they do not wish to do.

The school recognises that the use of force is only lawful if the circumstances of the particular incident warrant it i.e. that it is both necessary and in the best interest of the child. Further, it recognises that the degree of force used must be in proportion to the circumstances of the incident and the seriousness of the behaviour or the consequences it is intended to prevent. Any force used should always be reasonable and the minimum needed to achieve the desired result.

Clearly, it is important that when staff are dealing with potentially dangerous situations involving especially difficult pupils, dynamic risk assessments will be undertaken to ensure their own safety and that of all the pupils for whom they are responsible.

Only those members of staff who have been trained in the use of agreed techniques, i.e. ‘TEAM-TEACH’, should, in the main, carry out the positive handling of pupils but the school acknowledges that everyone has a right to feel safe and as a result, in emergency situations, individuals who have not received the appropriate training may use reasonable responses to protect themselves from harm. The school ensures that it has access to qualified trainers and that regular training sessions are provided with the support of other qualified trainers. In addition, any technique used should be in line with information contained in the pupils’ Positive Handling Plan.

Note:

All staff receive an initial Team Teach training programme during induction. Further training, usually within 6 – 8 weeks of appointment, means all staff will normally hold a 12-hour training certificate.

The school will operate a programme of training updates where significant changes to the TEAM-TEACH strategies occur. In addition, the school will operate a cycle of holding a full 6 hour refresher course for all staff each year.

The school maintains a register of staff who have completed the TEAM-TEACH on their Management Information System, Cascade.

The current TEAM-TEACH instructors are Mr A Speight and Mr J Holliman.

The training of staff in dealing with behaviour management should be in line with the recommendations of 'TEAM-TEACH' and includes:

Building and maintaining good relationships

- Managing good behaviour through the interpretation of verbal and non-verbal cues, and conflict management techniques
- De-escalation
- The use of physical intervention.

Before using physical interventions the following key points should be considered in relation to any given situation:

It is essential that the use of physical intervention is seen as a last resort. Every effort must be made to look for effective ways of working with pupils that do not involve using them. Pupils' Positive Handling Plans should set out clear strategies which should be followed.

The circumstances in which the use of force is appropriate can include those where it is imperative that pupils comply with instructions - for example, to stop hitting another pupil or damaging property, or not leaving the room when repeatedly asked to do so, for their own safety.

In the overwhelming majority of cases, staff should first give pupils a warning, a clear direction and the opportunity to comply. The issue is not about whether staff can ever enforce compliance but rather in which circumstances it would be reasonable to do so. It is not acceptable or justifiable to use force to obtain compliance because other strategies will not work or the issue is not serious enough to warrant it.

Whilst the use of physical intervention is generally deemed to be the last resort there are circumstances where this will not apply. Records of incidents involving particular pupils will sometimes show that there are set patterns to their behaviour which, if unchecked, will lead to it becoming dangerous or exceptionally disruptive. In these circumstances, it could be reasonable to exercise a mild degree of physical intervention at a relatively early stage. To ensure that this early intervention is only ever used when justified, records of incidents are regularly reviewed and used to inform the management strategies of the pupils concerned. Such use of force may include staff physically preventing a young child from running out onto a busy road.

All incidents of physical intervention are recorded and monitored rigorously. The school keeps detailed, contemporaneous, written reports of all interventions where

any form of restrictive positive handling is used. Where incidents occur that result in a pupil having a restrictive hold being applied, on the same day of the incident, the pupil will be seen by a member of the SLT, a detailed report is submitted by a key members of staff involved in the incident and the parents/carers are informed of the incident one the same day or at the earliest possible time following. Thereafter, a post incident review is undertaken to support the pupil, the staff involved, rebuild relationships and ensure that lessons are learnt from the incident. Incidents will be reported on a PIF form at level 1 but in cases where the pupil have sustained an injury or been positively handled on the ground or there have been a complaint/allegation or there is a risk of a complaint/allegation, a PIF form at level 2 is completed and the placing Local Authority will receive notification by telephone.

Full details of:

- Approaches to the positive handling of pupils and how these are monitored appear in Annex 1,
- How a positive handling situation is recorded appear in Annex 2,
- The description of how to fill a PIF form appears in Annex 2A,
- Annex 2B is the prompt sheet for the Pupil Post-incident review and reflection.
- Annex 2C is the prompt sheet for the Staff Post-incident review and reflection.
- The school's Serious Incident Log and Sanctions Log procedures appear in Annex 3,
- The use of a Positive Handling Plan (PHP), an example of a PHP and the review document for a PHP appear in Annex 4.

It should also be noted that it is accepted that sometimes an incident can escalate to a high level very rapidly and with little or no warning. In these instances, staff may have to take emergency action whilst trying to use TEAM-TEACH methods to intervene safely. Although all techniques used seek to avoid injury to the pupil there is some potential for possible bruising or scratching to occur accidentally. These are not to be seen necessarily as a failure of professional techniques, but a regrettable and infrequent side effect of ensuring that the pupil remains safe. Such marks will be recorded on a Body Map (annex 6), reported to parents/carers and discussed in the post-incident review

Rewards and Sanctions Statement

Rewards and Sanctions form part of the School's Behaviour Policy practices and procedures. Rewards should reinforce positive behaviour or recognise a good achievement across all learning environments. Sanctions should be consistently applied and explained to deter unacceptable behaviour.

REWARDING SUCCESS

Staff should adopt a positive approach to improving student behaviour. Such an approach must focus on rewarding effort, developing positive relationships and to help build student's self-esteem. At Crookhey Hall, staff help to create an ethos of "Positive Achievement" in the following ways:

- Personal praise and reward
- Sharing an individual's success in daily Education briefing

- Celebrating success in school assemblies
- Displaying student's work – classroom, school displays, website
- Informing parents and carers of an individual's success
- Celebrating individual achievement of learning and behavioural targets
- Student's keeping personal records of achievement
- Extra trust, responsibilities and privileges can be earned
- The school will also reward students who are striving to improve their performance by rewarding "the pupil of the week" and "the improver of the week"

In addition, students are able to earn points during the school day issued by all education staff.

How does the Point System work?

A Maximum of nine points can be earned during the course of the lesson. The points are separated into three different sections and are awarded on the effort, the behaviour and the attainment of the personal target.

Effort

- 3 – Task Completed
- 2 – Task partially completed
- 1 – Insufficient amount of work
- 0 – No work completed

Behaviour

- 5 – Well Done
- 4 – Reminder
- 3 – 1 Warning issued
- 2 – 2 Warning's issued
- 1 – 3 Warning's issued
- 0 – Removal/ none attendance/ in class removal

Personal Targets

- 1 – Target met
- 0 – Target not met

Points are discussed with each pupil at the end of each lesson.

Bonus points are also awarded for exceptional levels of behaviour and/or achievement.

Points are a logged by LSAs and every week pupils with over 80% achievement will be invited to choose a reward option. The reward trips generally include trips to the cinema, laser quest, bowling, swimming and a number of other activities

Certificates will be awarded at the end of the week for the pupil of the week and the most improved pupil in both key stages. This is determined in the staff morning briefing whereby a general consensus is agreed.

Other rewards include school residential trips and also an end of year school trip to Ormskirk Mill Activity Centre.

11. Unacceptable Behaviours and Sanctions

UNACCEPTABLE BEHAVIOUR includes:

- Physical assaults
- Verbal abuse
- Play fighting
- Bullying and intimidation
- Discrimination and prejudice towards age, ability, gender and gender identity, race, sexual orientation or religion
- Smoking is NOT permitted and will be treated as a serious breach of the school code of conduct.
- Alcohol and the use of prohibited drugs will also be treated as a serious breach of the school's rules.
- The intentional disruption of lessons will not be tolerated. All students are entitled to learn in their lessons; students preventing learning will face consequences.
- The use of mobile phones is prohibited in school, all phones should be kept at home or handed in to the pupil folders in the morning

CONSEQUENCES & SANCTIONS

The age, needs and abilities of the young person should be considered when applying sanctions. Staff must act reasonably, fairly, consistently and proportionately when administering a sanction. Staff should also evaluate the risks or special circumstances when administering a sanction.

The school will apply the following sanctions for breaches of the school's standards of expected behaviour and for displaying any of the unacceptable behaviours listed below. The school will always consult parent/carers and local authority representative if any of the following may have to be considered and will attempt to be as supportive as possible during the exclusion process including regular communication with parents/carers and providing appropriate work for the young person.

In class sanctions

Reminder

Warnings (3 warnings = loss of next break)

Removal (if pupil continues to be disruptive)

Behaviours that lead to loss of break

Receiving 3 warnings in a lesson
Receiving low points (less than 16 out of possible 20) in a 2 lesson teaching period
Being removed from class
Leaving a lesson/area without permission
Verbal/physical aggression towards another person
Smoking

Assembly room ban

Removal from lunch/assembly room (1 day ban)
Persistent unsociable behaviours in the assembly room

Offsite Bans

Persistent absconding
Inappropriate behaviour in school vehicles (Refusal to wear seat belts etc.)

Behaviours that lead to detentions

Fighting
Significant time out of class (2 lessons in KS3 and 3 lessons in KS4)
Absconding from school
Persistent disruption in school
Behaviour or an incident deemed serious enough by SST

Consideration of Fixed Term Exclusions

The school (Head of School/Deputy Head) will consider applying fixed term exclusions for continuous breaches of the following unacceptable behaviours:

Verbal abuse of another pupil or staff
Bullying, Racism, Sexism, Homophobic behaviour, Intimidation
Persistent infringement of the non-smoking rule
Persistent disruption of lessons over a long period of time
Persistent health and safety issues e.g. unsafe travel in transport to and from school, unsafe behaviour off site during the school day
Assault on staff/peer

Consideration of Permanent Exclusion

Violent physical assault on another individual that causes actual bodily harm
Use of alcohol or prohibited drugs
Knowingly bring weapons onto the school site

Considerations of police involvement

The Senior Leadership Team only are permitted to sanction police involvement on the site of the school. Staff are entitled to consider police involvement but should inform and consult with the SLT before pursuing such action.

The school monitors sanctions for effectiveness of use and seeks pupil comment through sanctions records. A record of all serious sanctions is kept on the schools behaviour tracking sheets

Support after exclusion or concerning behaviours:

An Individual Behaviour Plan and Reintegration Behaviour Contract is an agreement to monitor concerns after a period of exclusion or concerning behaviour. We initiate a meeting between school, student, and the student's parents/carers that sets limits for student behaviour, rewards good choices, and outlines consequences for poor choices.

The meeting should discuss ways of avoiding further exclusions. For some students setting up a Pastoral Support Programme may be suggested (see below). A parenting contract with support for you may also be suggested (see below).

We focus on 1-3 particular behaviours that we would like to see change. Our aim is to take steps toward improvement so that it feels more "do-able" to the student. We emphasise that the parent, student, and school are all part of the same team. The method to be used on a daily basis for monitoring student behaviour includes a contract signed by all parties that will state rewards and consequences that correlate with behaviour choices. Good school-to-home communication helps significantly with progress with students. The student is asked for input which encourages him to connect into the process even further.

Teachers are consistent with the student in the classroom, adhering to the wording of the behaviour contract agreement, emphasizing the positives that come along with good behaviour choices and encouraging the student to get used to new habits of good behaviour.

The school will make every attempt to promote positive behaviour. The school hopes that by promoting positive behaviour all students will access the wide range of rewards and incentives available.

Alternatives to exclusion

Exclusion should not be used if there are possible alternative solutions available.

Examples of alternatives to exclusion schools may want to try include:

- a) using a restorative justice process, which enables an offender to redress the harm that has been done to a 'victim', and enables all parties with a stake in the outcome to participate fully in the process. This has been used successfully to resolve situations that could otherwise lead to exclusion.
- b) internal exclusion (also known as internal seclusion), which can be used to diffuse situations that occur in school that require a pupil to be removed from class but may not require exclusion from the school premises. The exclusion could be to a designated area within the school, with appropriate support, or

to another class on a temporary basis, and may continue during break periods.

- c) a managed move. If a school feels that it can no longer manage the behaviour of a particular pupil, the school may ask another school to take over his or her education. This should only be done with the full knowledge and co-operation of all parties involved, including the parents and the LEA, and in circumstances where it is in the best interests of the pupil concerned. Parents should never be pressured into removing their child from school under threat of a permanent exclusion, nor should pupils be deleted from the school roll to encourage them to find another school place. Section 9 of the Education (Pupil Registration) Regulations 1995 details the only lawful grounds for deleting a pupil's name from the school roll.

12 Expected Standards of Student Behaviour;

Crookhey Hall School will provide clear behaviour guidelines to Students and Parents, with regards the Schools expectations. The school sets high standards of behaviour from students both in and out of school, the following is a code of conduct for students;

- Students are expected to be polite, respectful and use appropriate language at all times with staff, other students and visitors
- Students are expected to cooperate and comply with staff requests and instructions at all times
- Students are expected to engage positively in all lessons, completing set work and requesting support appropriately
- Students are expected to achieve their potential and apply themselves across all aspects of the curriculum
- Students are expected to cooperate and comply with Health and Safety requirements e.g. the wearing of protective clothing in Science, Art and DFT lessons
- Students are expected to cooperate and comply with the School dress code
- Students are expected to cooperate and comply with the schools policies and procedures on mobile phones, smoking (Crookhey Hall is a 'no smoking' school), the use of the internet, weapons and drugs
- Students are expected to uphold the good reputation of the school
- Students are expected to behave appropriately and engage with staff and the active positively during unstructured times of the day, after school clubs and educational visits
- Students are expected to refrain from any acts of intimidation, threats or acts of aggression towards other students, visitors, members of the public and staff
- Students are expected to cooperate and comply with the Equality and Diversity Act 2010, which stipulates that all members of the school community respect SEN, religious faith and beliefs, race/ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender and immigration status

Every student will be expected to follow the classroom expectations as set out below:

Classroom Expectations (displayed in each learning area)

- Pay attention and follow instructions.
- Respect others, their space and their belongings.
- Work quietly and do your best.
- Use positive language and remember – ‘please’, ‘thank-you’, and ‘excuse me’.
- Safely use, don’t abuse, equipment and furniture.
- Think before you act
- Be tidy – a place for everything and everything in its place.
- In your seat not on your feet.

Annex 1

Positive Handling of Pupils

The school accepts that despite our philosophy, ethos and experience, pupils may on occasion be unable to responsibly control their own actions. All parties must agree that, for the pupils' own welfare, there is the need for Positive handling in some circumstances and set procedures; relating to this that must be followed. Presented below are the procedures adopted by our school, which include:

- Stage 1. De-escalation and Avoidance tactics.
- Stage 2. When positive handling may be required,
- Stage 3. Agreed methods of positive handling.
- Stage 4. Recording a positive handling incident.
- Stage 5. Systems for further action.

Stage 1. Avoidance Tactics.

The positive handling of a pupil is not desirable and should be avoided whenever possible. Aspects of effective de-escalation and avoidance tactics include:

Staff recognising the signs displayed by individuals prior to a difficult situation occurring

The use of extensive and varied de-escalation techniques, such as change of staff or environment and distraction

The use of a variety of responses by staff in order to defuse a situation or reduce the risk of a situation escalating

The use of the information gathered at the referral, the interview and at the home visit in the form of a Pupil Summary Report to ensure all staff are aware of each individual pupil's potential difficulties.

Stage 2. When positive handling may be required.

Positive handling will be used in the following circumstances and, normally, only when all other practical options have been exhausted. It is important that staff attempt all possible methods outlined in Stage 1 before proceeding to Stage 2.

Positive handling may be required when pupils are involved in: -

Committing an offence;

Causing personal injury to themselves or others, or the likelihood of such an occurrence;

Significant damage to property, or the likelihood of such an occurrence;

Engaging in any behaviour prejudicial to the maintenance of the good order of the school environment which, if unaddressed, may incite, anger or disrupt their peers.

Stage 3. Agreed Methods of Positive Handling.

Where possible, the positive handling of pupils is always avoided, however, if pupils who are identified in Stage 2 of this procedure refuse to respond to verbal requests then all staff will use the graded and gradual approach to physical intervention as set out by TEAM-TEACH and in which all staff are trained.

When using TEAM-TEACH there are six basic principles;

- The safety of the child and staff member is of paramount importance,
- The minimum of physical force is used for the minimal amount of time,
- The purpose of the interaction is to limit the harm the pupil can do to themselves or others and property,
- The positive handling is employed to contain the situation until the pupils' self control is regained,
- The staff must retain control in a positive handling situation,
- The security and safety of all children in the school is of paramount importance.

The following is an example of a typical basic sequential format. It is unlikely that once the positive handling of a pupil becomes unavoidable that this sequence will be adequate for all situations and therefore must be looked upon as a general indication as to what methods are acceptable.

Note: In exceptional circumstances, where:

The intensity and duration of a pupils behaviour is deemed excessive, and/or

There is a clear health and safety risk to staff and/or other pupils, and/or

A criminal offence has been, or is likely to be, committed, the police may be called to deal with the incident.

Option 1.

Where possible do not actually physically hold the pupil. Try the following techniques:

If the pupil is sitting then hold the arm of the chair and stand close to the pupil,

Allow the pupil to stay in a corner of a room in his/her own space, or

In a withdrawal room, put yourself between the pupil and the exit..

Option 2.

To be used in conjunction with option 1 but to be moved on to if staff feel it is necessary to hold the pupil. This should initially only be a minimum token of physical control, for example gently guiding a child using 'friendly hold' or 'Caring Cs'. From this point as soon as possible revert to option 1. (These actions must be recorded in the agreed manner.)

Option 3.

From this point the situation must be fully recorded on a PIF form at the appropriate level. This is when more obvious control of the pupil is required, for example the use of two person response eg. 'Team-Teach two person single elbow in a standing position'. Alternatively, when responding with smaller pupils it is often more appropriate to hold the upper body and arms as in the 'Team-Teach wrap' technique. Care needs to be taken to ensure the child does not kick or head butt.

The approaches learned from INSET delivered by TEAM-TEACH instructors must be followed at all times.

Negotiation.

During any of these options staff should continually talk to the pupil, explaining what is happening and why, while always providing an option of a way out of the situation. If a pupil is unwilling to negotiate with a member of staff then a different member of staff should negotiate with the pupil. Replacement staff should also take over if/when the presence of an individual member of staff is thought inflammatory.

Pupils will return to programmes as soon as they are judged fit to do so by the school Student Support managers. This decision will be made as part of a process of negotiation and will relate to the pupils' verbal and non-verbal responses. An appropriate return to programme will be agreed.

Stage 4. All positive handling situations will be recorded, as appropriate, in:

Physical Intervention Log
Physical Intervention Form on Sleuth

The PIF forms will be completed using the procedures set out in Annex 2.

Stage 5 Serious Incident Log and Sanctions Log

The Serious Incident Log holds details of: Physical interventions that result in injury to pupils or staff/where complaints are made (Level 2); serious incidents and any other events considered appropriate by the Senior Leadership Team.

The monitoring of physical interventions

All physical interventions at any level are recorded in the Physical Intervention Log, and the dates by which they are completed by those staff involved in the physical intervention. The Physical Intervention Log is available to the Senior Leadership Team at any time, who review it on a daily basis.

The information recorded in the log allows incidents relating to specific pupils to be tracked. This data can then be used to review approaches to the management of particular pupil's behaviour and new Positive Handling Plans to be developed.

The positive handling log is stored on the school's server.

It is the responsibility of the Head of School to review all records and to raise any issues with the appropriate person i.e.

Pupil
Member of staff
Safeguarding Officer
Parent/carer
Executive Head

The Head of School may decide to raise such issues with:

Local Authority representatives
Social Care representatives or
Any other agency involved.

A daily management team meeting is held, during which any incident of physical management may be discussed. Termly Class Conferences are also held for each teaching group, where ongoing concerns can be addressed and PHP reviewed. The Head of School regularly reviews the Physical Intervention Log and takes any necessary action.

Annex 2

Recording a positive handling situation

Crookhey Hall School accepts the definition of restrictive physical intervention as “the positive application of force with the intention of overpowering the client.” (DOH “Permissible Forms of Control” 4/93...Section 5.2). The school will record all incidents where force is used to control the pupil. There are, however, occasions where it is necessary to use physical interventions that do not require the “overpowering” of the pupil eg in incidents that use prompts and guides. These incidents will not routinely be recorded unless there is a cause for concern.

The school has developed definitions for two levels of physical intervention as well as appropriate methods of recording. These are as follows:

Level 1 includes situations where the staff have made a restrictive physical intervention using. “TEAM TEACH” holds such as:

Single elbows, standing or seating

Double elbows, standing

Figure of 4, standing

Wrap, standing or seating

Spitting response

In these cases, the incident will be recorded on Sleuth.

Level 2 is defined as incidents where staff have deemed it necessary to use a restrictive hold on a pupil and it has resulted in any of the following:

The pupil receiving an injury

There is a complaint/allegation about the intervention

There is a risk that a complaint/allegation might be made about the intervention

The pupil was held lying on the ground

In such circumstances it is likely that the pupil will be held by more than two staff for a period of time that is reasonable for the behaviours being displayed. Such incidents will be recorded on Sleuth

Note:

Where incidents escalate from level 1 to level 2, it will be recorded as a level 2 incident and written in the Serious Incident book.

Annex 2A

Completing the PIF

Staff are responsible for informing the Student Support Team of any incident they are involved with. The Student Support Team will agree from the list of staff involved with the intervention which person will be responsible for completing the appropriate sections of the form. The RPI form on Sleuth MUST be completed on the same day the incident occurs. The pupil will be interviewed by a member of the SLT and the parent/carer will be informed of the incident. The member of the SLT who interviewed the pupil will read the submitted report within 24 hours to determine if there is a safeguarding concern.

Note: All sections of the form must be completed.

If the senior manager is dissatisfied with the completion of the form the member of staff involved will be asked to discuss the matter and ensure all aspects of the form are completed appropriately.

Annex 2B

Prompt sheet for Pupil Post-incident Review and Reflection

To maximise the support given to the pupil, the post-incident review should take place before the member of the Senior Leadership Team responsible for evaluating the incident receives the staff report.

Ask the pupil for their **version of events**

Ask whether the pupil has sustained any **actual/potential injuries - body map and injuries to be recorded in pupil accident book.**

Discuss any **triggers** and attempt to get the pupil to **reflect** on how the incident could have been avoided

Ask the pupil if **they** could have done anything differently to prevent the physical management.

Does the pupil think that the **staff responses were reasonable and proportionate** to the behaviours being displayed? If not, record their reasons

Does the pupil wish to make a **complaint** about how the incident was managed? If yes, the intervention is to be recorded at level 2.

Make a judgement whether a staff-pupil **relationship is damaged** and make plans to repair this relationship

Explain to pupil that this **review will be shared with members of staff** involved in the incident

Agreed **follow-up actions**

Annex 2C

Prompt sheet for Staff Post-incident Review and Reflection

This post-incident review is to take place by the member of the Senior Leadership Team responsible for evaluating the incident after the Pupil Post-incident Review and Reflection.

Clarify any points for discussion from the incident report.

Pointers

Was a two person response used? If not why?

Get staff to discuss the trigger and how this was identified and managed.

Was the pupil managed in-line with their PHP?

Were graded and gradual responses used?

Was the intervention necessary, reasonable and in the best interest of the child?

Did the member of staff receive **any injuries?** (**Has it been recorded in the accident book?**)

Reflection of the incident

How could the incident be managed differently

Share the pupil's view with the member of staff.

Implications for the Pupil's PHP?

Agreed **follow-up actions**

Annex 3

The Serious Incident Log and the Sanctions Log

The school will keep up to date records of serious incidents and sanctions. The Student Support Team is responsible for the daily tracking of pupils' loss of breaks, missed lessons, physical intervention, detentions. The log is stored electronically on the school server and is accessed by the Senior Management Team and The Student Support Team.

In addition, logs for: Sexual Harassment & Inappropriate Sexual Comments, Racist Comments, Bullying Incidents, Cause of Concerns and Serious Incidents are kept on the online system, Sleuth. These logs are reviewed and maintained by the Student Support Manager and Safeguarding Lead.

The Head of school, maintains the log for missing from school episodes and accidents.

The Assistant Director for Education regularly reviews all logs and ensures that all reports are appropriately cross-referenced.

Annex 4

Using the Positive Handling Plan

Guidelines

PHPs to be produced following:

An assessment of information gathered from the pupil referral, the school based interview and home visit which indicates that there is a risk of physical intervention being required,

Following a series of physical interventions which are concentrated over a relatively short period of time.

Following any serious incident

PHPs to be reviewed half-termly.

Pupils to be consulted when drawing up and reviewing PHPs.

A register of pupils with PHPs and copies of current PHPs and to be kept centrally.

Copies of PHPs to be kept by appropriate staff and in pupils files.

All staff to be aware of contents of PHPs for health and safety purposes.

Pupil Individual Risk Assessment

Name of pupil:

Date of birth:

Risk assessment completed by:
date:

Issue no:

Issue

Other persons involved in the Risk assessment:

- Reason for Risk assessment: prior to admission/on starting school
 in response to staff concerns
 following a series of incidents
 following a major incident

Potential Hazards analysis

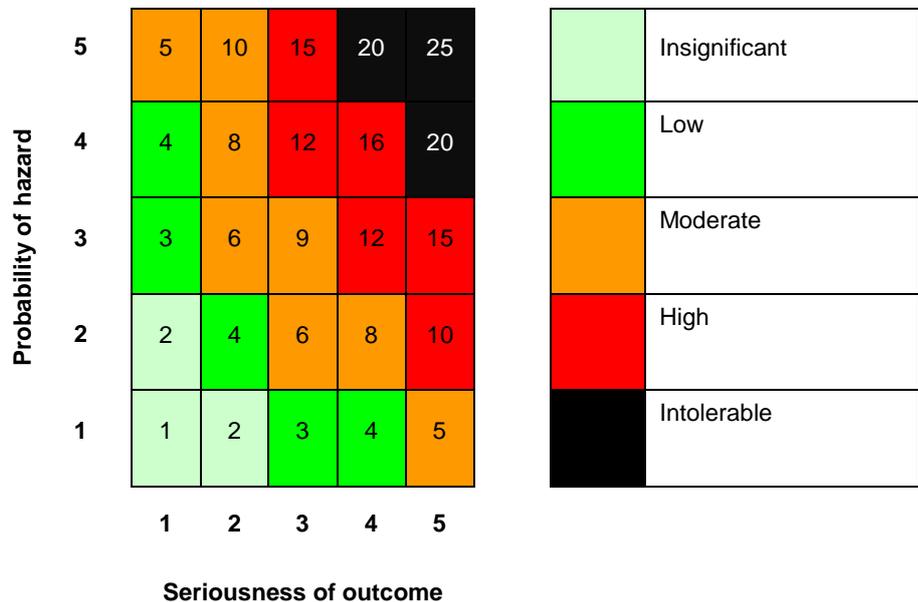
<i>Behaviour/ Hazard</i>	<i>Opinion (O) or Witnessed (W)</i>	<i>Reference documents that evidences the hazard</i>	<i>Seriousness of outcome (A)</i> 1- trivial injury/ illness to 5 - fatality	<i>Probability of hazard (B)</i> 1- improbable to 5 - almost certain	<i>Severity risk score (AxB)</i>	<i>Risk reduction plan needed</i>
Violence/ aggression to peers						
Violence/ aggression to adults						
Impulsive dangerous behaviour						
Self-harm						
Damage to property						
Harm from absconding						
Other						

If a score of 5 or more is reached, a risk reduction plan is required.

RISK RATING/LEVEL ESTIMATION GUIDANCE

Seriousness of outcome:		Probability of hazard:	
1	Foreseeable outcome is upset or disruption.	1	There is evidence of historical risk, but the behaviour has been dormant for over 12 months and no identified triggers remain.
2	Foreseeable outcome is harm necessitating first aid, and/or causing distress or minor damage.	2	The 'risk of harm' has occurred in the last 12 months, the context has changed to make a reoccurrence unlikely.
3	Foreseeable outcome is 3+ days lost time injury/illness.	3	There is an even chance of the 'risk of harm' returning.
4	Foreseeable outcome is hospitalisation, significant distress or extensive damage.	4	The 'risk of harm' is more likely than not to occur again.
5	Foreseeable outcome is loss of life or permanent disability, emotional trauma requiring counselling or critical property damage.	5	The 'risk of harm' is persistent and constant.

Risk Level Matrix:



Behaviour Support/Positive Handling Plan

Section A:

Behaviours/Situations likely to result in 'Physical Intervention'

What is the behaviour like?

When does it occur?

Where does it occur?

Section B: Strategies to be used (where possible) before Physical Intervention

GIVE TIME
GIVE SPACE
REASSURE/REMIND
TALK CALMLY
REMOVE STIMULUS
USE THE ENVIRONMENT TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE
PERSONAL SPACE
GIVE A COUNT
ALTERNATIVES/CONSEQUENCES
PRAISE PARTIAL COMPLIANCE
DISTRACTION
✓ INSTRUCT OTHER YOUNG PEOPLE
✓ OTHER STAFF INTERVENE
OTHER (GIVE DETAILS BELOW)

Section C:

Preferred Handling Strategies to be used:

Section D:

Debrief process required after Physical Intervention - e.g. space, talk through, time frames worked within etc.

Section E – Target Goals

Section F – Interventions

Completed by:

Young person's signature:

Head teacher/Behaviour Support Manager's signature:

Date completed:

Date updated:

Annex 5

Crookhey Hall School School Safeguarding Policy

Introduction

This policy seeks to support the school aims and values to provide a caring, structured learning environment in which all pupils can develop academically, socially and emotionally, to their full potential and in which pupils and staff feel safe, secure and valued.

Aim

To provide clear direction to all staff about procedures for dealing with safeguarding issues.

Objectives

To ensure good practice and sound procedures in school in the management of safeguarding issues.

To ensure that all safeguarding concerns are handled sensitively, professionally and in ways which support the child.

Rationale

By preparing and implementing a clear policy on the management of issues relating to safeguarding, Crookhey Hall School can contribute effectively to the protection and support of pupils in the school.

The school aims to ensure this through three main elements – prevention, appropriate response and support.

The school aims to **prevent** child abuse by promoting the self-esteem and confidence of its pupils so that they can use clear lines of communication with trusted adults if they need to.

In order to protect children the school will follow agreed procedures and will train staff to **respond** appropriately and sensitively to safeguarding concerns.

Children who have experienced abuse need support. Crookhey Hall School will provide sensitive and appropriate **support** and understanding to any pupil who is known to have been abused and requires this support.

School Commitment

Crookhey Hall School will promote and maintain an ethos where its pupils feel secure and are encouraged to talk, and are listened to. This will be achieved through the positive and trusting relationships developed between staff and pupils. All pupils will be regularly assured that they can approach any adult of their choice if they are worried or in difficulty.

Prevention will also be addressed through the curriculum in the form of PSHE lessons where pupils will be equipped with the skills they need to stay safe from abuse.

In PSHE lessons they will also be encouraged to develop realistic attitudes to the responsibilities of adult life, particularly with regard to parenting skills.

The school will endeavour at all times to develop positive relationships with parents.

The school will work together with other agencies in the best interests of pupils about whom there is cause for concern.

Roles and Responsibilities

All adults working with children have a responsibility to protect children. Therefore all staff in the school share responsibility for addressing Safeguarding issues.

The Head of School

To ensure that there is at least one member of the Senior Leadership Team designated as Designated Safeguard Lead

To ensure that staff receive appropriate training

Designated Safeguarding Officers (P.Love and S.Lea)

To acknowledge and note any concerns brought to them by staff relating to Safeguarding issues

To keep detailed records of concerns and subsequent action taken.

To make the decision whether to refer concerns to the relevant Children's Services Department.

To ensure that, where it has been decided not to make a referral, the pupil's wellbeing is monitored and a record kept of the monitoring process and outcomes.

To provide other agencies with information on Safeguarding issues when appropriate, given their sensitive and confidential nature.

To record complaints by pupils made against staff of the school and follow the school's Complaints/Allegations against Staff procedures. (*See Allegations against Staff Procedures*)

To ensure that any pupil about whom concerns are being investigated has support from a member of staff they like and trust.

To ensure that staff are familiar with Child Protection procedures.

To attend Child Protection conferences when requested to do so and to provide reports for conferences as required.

To keep up to date on CP training and development.

The Staff of the School

To deliver a curriculum which promotes the prevention of and protection from child abuse.

To support the school in providing an atmosphere and ethos in which pupils feel secure and are encouraged to talk and be listened to.

To listen to any child who approaches them wishing to share worries and concerns with them.

To be supportive of such pupils, while helping them understand that they cannot guarantee absolute confidentiality.

To be alert to any signs of any form of abuse in the pupils they have contact with.

To report any such concerns both orally and in writing to one of the Designated Safeguarding Officers.

To take part in any training provided by the school on child protection issues.

To understand and practise the school's safeguarding procedures.

Training

The school's Designated Safeguarding Officers have had training for their role. The school will also ensure training is provided for staff in the recognition of abuse, how to deal with disclosures from children and the procedures they should follow after such disclosures or when they have made observations which concern them.

Confidentiality

The issue of confidentiality will be addressed at all training sessions. No member of staff can guarantee a child confidentiality. This is for the protection of that child and because no suspicion of abuse may go unreported or unrecorded. Any child wishing to make a disclosure will be told sensitively that the adult will need to pass on information which relates to the safety of the child or another child, and will be helped to understand that this must be so.

Information regarding individual cases will be only shared with staff who, for the well-being of the child, need to have all or some of this information.

Records and Monitoring

All concerns about possible abuse will be recorded in writing and a Child Protection file for the child will be opened.

All subsequent action, copies of referrals, reports and correspondence will be kept in the child's CP file.

All records will be kept locked away in a secure area. Only the Head of School and the Designated Safeguarding Officers will have access to the files.

Support of Pupils at Risk

Crookhey Hall School recognises that children who have been abused or have witnessed violence may find it difficult to develop a sense of self-worth and to view the world in a positive way. This school may be the only stable, secure and predictable element in the lives of children at risk. The school recognises that their behaviour may be challenging and defiant for this reason and that this needs to be taken into consideration when managing their difficult behaviour.

It is also recognised that some children who have experienced abuse may in turn abuse others. The school will provide appropriate help and support in a considered and sensitive way in such cases.

Where a history of abuse is known this will be taken into account in any Positive Handling Plan produced for the child to ensure that should physical intervention ever be required memories of previous distressing experiences are not reactivated, thereby causing further distress.

Allegations against Staff

In the event of allegations being made against staff or the Head of School the school procedures based on those recommended by Acorn Education & Care are followed.
(See *Allegations against Staff Procedures*)

Other Policies

This policy should be considered alongside the following policies:

Bullying Policy

Special Educational Needs Policy

Allegations against Staff Procedures

Conclusion

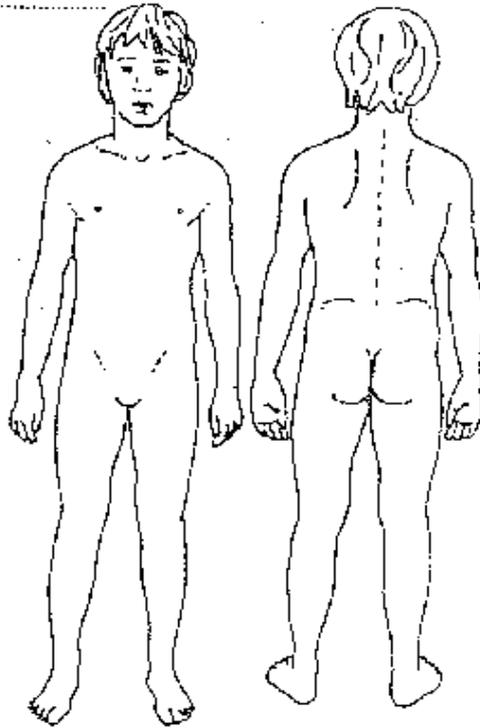
Every effort is made to ensure that pupils in the school are protected against abuse and supported if abuse has taken place. The effectiveness of the school's policy depends on staff vigilance, the development of trust between pupils and staff and the consistent following of Safeguarding procedures in school.

Annex 6

Crookhey Hall School
Body Map

NAME

DATE



Please indicate injuries / marks observed and record explanation given by pupil (if any) entry on overleaf if necessary

Recorder's name and designation

Designated person's signature

Bodymap.rep

Annex 7

Crookhey Hall School Complaints Procedures

Complaints from Parents or Carers

The procedures below will be followed in the event of a complaint being made by parents or carers against the school.

If parents or carers have a complaint against the school they may initially wish to contact the school informally either by telephone, by note or personally after making an appointment. The school will investigate the complaint and will respond with the outcome within five working days.

If parents or carers are not satisfied with the response they should write formally to the Head of School. The Head of School will investigate the complaint further and respond in writing within five working days. If the complaint is against the Head of School the complaint should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Education by sending it for his/hers attention to the school address. The School Director will investigate and respond within five working days.

If the parents or carers are still not satisfied with the response they should inform the Assistant Director of Education who will arrange a panel to hear the complaint. The panel will comprise three people not directly involved in the matters detailed in the complaint. One member of the panel will be independent of the running and management of the school. The date of the panel meeting will be arranged to take account of the convenience of the parents or carers as well as the school and will take place within a time limit of fifteen working days.

Parents or carers will be invited to bring with them another person or persons to support them at the panel hearing if they wish.

The panel will hear the complaint and will hear the outcome of the school's investigations and its response to these. The panel will then make findings and recommendations which will be communicated in writing within five working days to the Assistant Director of Education, the Head of School, the parents or carers and, where appropriate, the person complained about.

A written record of all complaints and their resolution will be kept. These records and any correspondence relating to a complaint will remain confidential except where the Secretary of State or a body conducting an inspection under section 163 of the Education Act 2002 requests access to the records.

Complaints from Pupils

The procedures below will be followed in the event of a pupil making a complaint against a member of staff, a fellow pupil or any other person or situation either in school or outside.

Pupils may wish to talk to an adult they trust about a situation relating to school or to a situation outside school. Pupils are reminded that, although they may speak to any

member of staff, there may be occasions where information will have to be referred to other agencies such as Social Care.

Within school pupils may talk to:

- Teachers
- Learning Support Assistants
- Student Support staff
- Head of School
- Assistant Director of Education
- School Counsellor

A pupil may merely need a trusted adult to talk a situation through with and may not be making a formal complaint. However, all actual complaints made by pupils will be recorded by the member of staff in the Complaints Log. The school response to the complaint will also be recorded. If the complaint is serious the pupil's parents/carers will be informed of both the complaint and the outcome. Some complaints will be referred to other agencies or to the Local Authority. If necessary a meeting will be called to discuss the issues further.

A pupil may ask to speak to an adult from an outside agency, independent of the school. The school will wherever possible put the pupil in contact with a representative of the appropriate agency or with an independent adult. The referral will be noted in the pupil's file.

Annex 8

Public liability/employers liability: all employees

In brief the public liability/employers liability policy indemnifies all employees against claims from third parties or fellow employees. As long as each employee is working within the scope of their duties they cannot be personally responsible for any action of negligence. Acorn Education & Care will take over the defence of any action.

The key wording in this is 'working within the scope of their duties'. Therefore if those persons trained in the Management of Aggressive Behaviour are now deemed qualified by a nationally accredited organisation to train others, in this case TEAM-TEACH and this is a requirement of their normal duties, an indemnity will be provided in the event of a claim.

Public liability/employers liability: qualified trainers in the management of aggressive behaviour (TEAM-TEACH) employed by the school.

In brief the public liability/employers liability policy indemnifies all qualified trainers of TEAM-TEACH against claims from third parties or fellow employees. As long as each trainer is working within the scope of their duties they cannot be personally responsible for any action of negligence. Acorn Education & Care will take over the defence of any action.

The key wording in this is 'working within the scope of their duties'. Therefore if those persons trained as trainers in the Management of Aggressive Behaviour are now deemed qualified by a nationally accredited organisation to train others, in this case TEAM-TEACH, and this is a requirement of their normal duties, an indemnity will be provided in the event of a claim.

Annex 9

Searching, Screening and Confiscation

- All pupils will be required to undergo screening using a hand-held metal detector on arrival at school. Health and safety legislation requires school to be managed in a way which does not expose pupils or staff to risks to their health and safety and this reasonable rule is a condition of admittance to school.
- Any member of staff authorised by the Head teacher can screen pupils.
- If a pupil refuses to be screened, school may refuse to have the pupil on school premises. If a pupil fails to comply, and school refuses admittance this will not be treated as an exclusion but will be treated as unauthorised absence. We have the reasonable expectation that our pupils will comply with school rules.
- School staff can search a pupil for any item if the pupil agrees taking into consideration child's age or other factors. If a member of staff suspects that a pupil has a banned item in his/her possession, they can instruct the pupil to turn out his or her pockets or bag and if the pupil refuses a sanction will be put in place. During a search for prohibited items the pupil is only required to remove clothing that is not worn next to the skin or immediately over a garment that is being worn as underwear such as hats, shoes, boots, gloves and scarves.
- The head teacher and staff authorised by them have a statutory power to search pupils or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil may have a prohibited item. The member of staff must be the same sex as the pupil and there must be a witness of the same sex if possible. A search can be carried out by a member of staff of the opposite sex to the pupil and/or without a witness present if it is reasonably believed that there is a risk that serious harm will be caused to a person if the search is not conducted immediately.
- Prohibited items are:
 - Knives or weapons
 - Alcohol
 - Illegal drugs
 - Stolen items
 - Smoking paraphernalia
 - Fireworks
 - Pornographic images
- Any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be used:
 - To commit an offence, or

- To cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the pupil)
- The head teacher and authorised staff can also search for any item banned by the school behaviour and conduct policy.
- Any prohibited item found as a result of a search will be confiscated. Any item considered to be harmful or detrimental to school discipline will also be seized, disposed of or handed to the police.